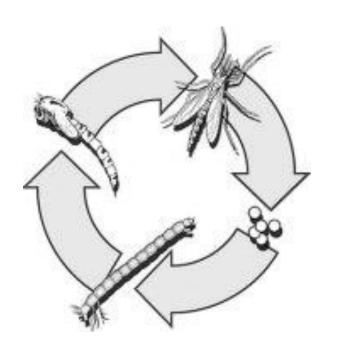
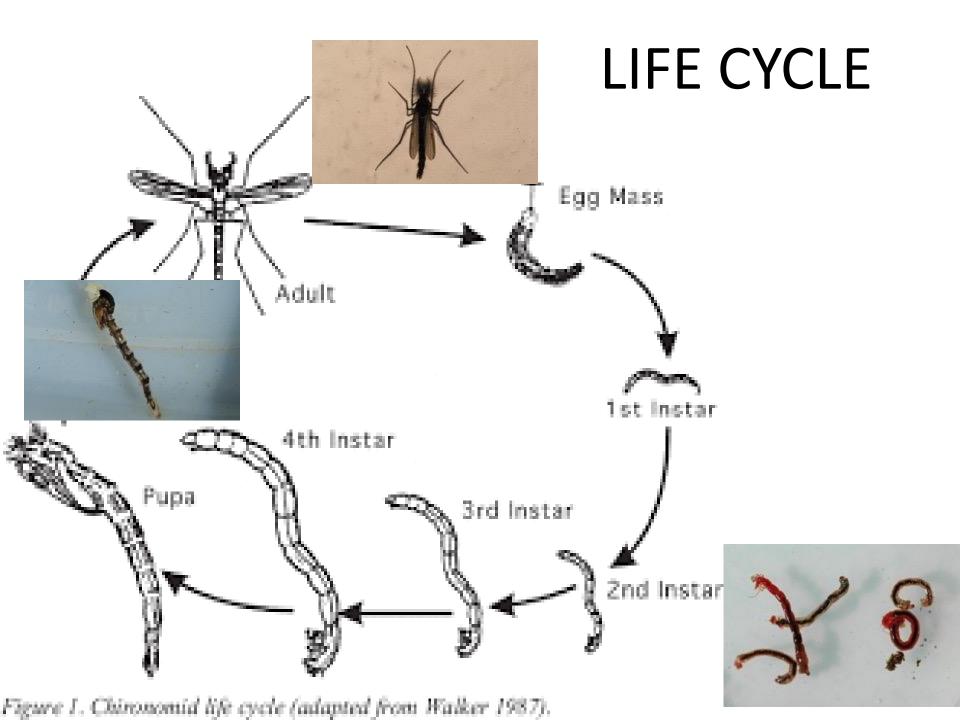
CHIRONOMIDS

LIFE CYCLE
HATCH CALENDAR
STAGE CHARACTERISTICS
METHODS/TECHNIQUES
METHODS/ EQUIPMENT
FINDING FISH
FLY PATTERNS

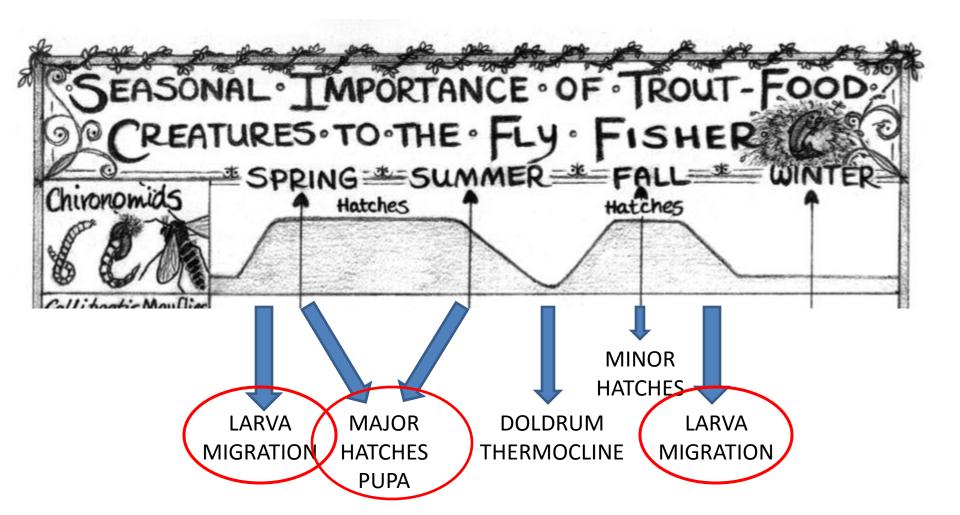
LIFE CYCLE



The chironomid has three (3) distinctly different, and all fishable, stages of life; (1) the larva (aka ... the bloodworm), (2) the pupa (which in our opinion is the most important as far as fly fishing is concerned), and (3) probably the least concerning to fly fishers yet important enough to understand, the mosquito like mature adult (winged terrestrial).



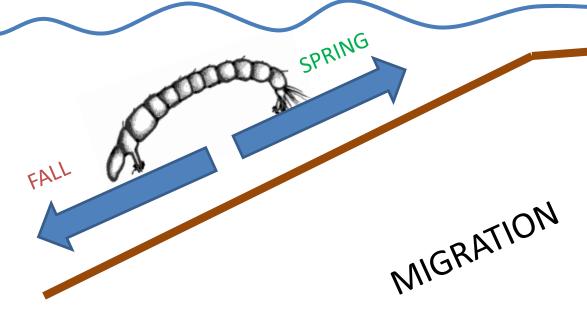
HATCH CALENDAR



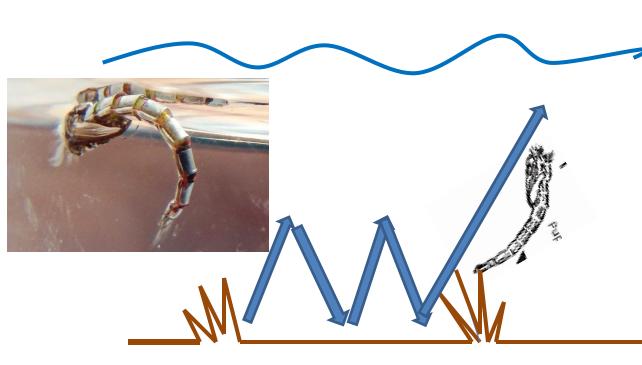
LARVA STAGE







PUPA STAGE



It is often thought by anglers that Chironomid pupae migrate directly from their mud tubes to the surface to hatch. However, **Brian Chan** (a well-known fisheries biologist from British Columbia and Chironomid fishing expert) has documented another aspect of this insect's life style that explains why fishing these imitations deep works so well.

He took a team and an underwater camera to one of his area lakes to videotape migrating pupae.

What he found is that after leaving their mud tube, the pupae swirl around in the water one to two feet off the bottom of the lake bed. During this process, they mature (stage) for three to five days before they make their journey to the surface to hatch as adults.

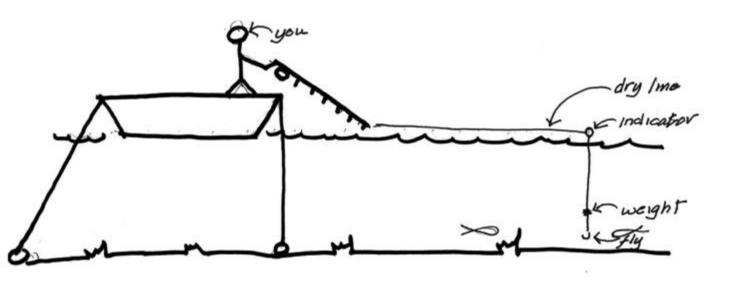
This explains why the first one to two feet off the lake bottom is often so productive, and also why trout often take Chironomid pupa imitations deep in the lake when there is no evidence of a hatch on the surface.

Chironomid Methods

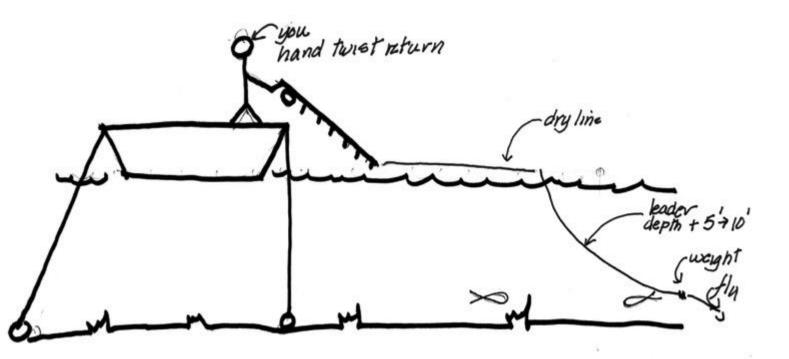
- 1. Indicator
- 2. Long line or Naked
- 3. Wind drifting
- 4. Dangling
- 5. Slow sink or Hover
- 6. Dry/Emerger

Double Anchor



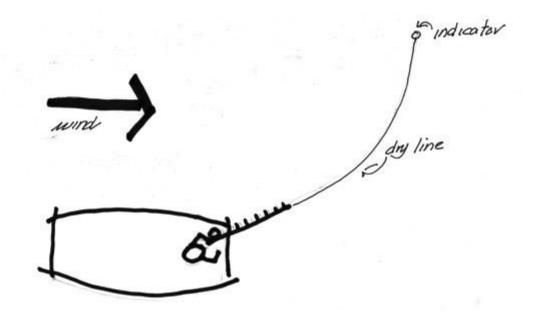


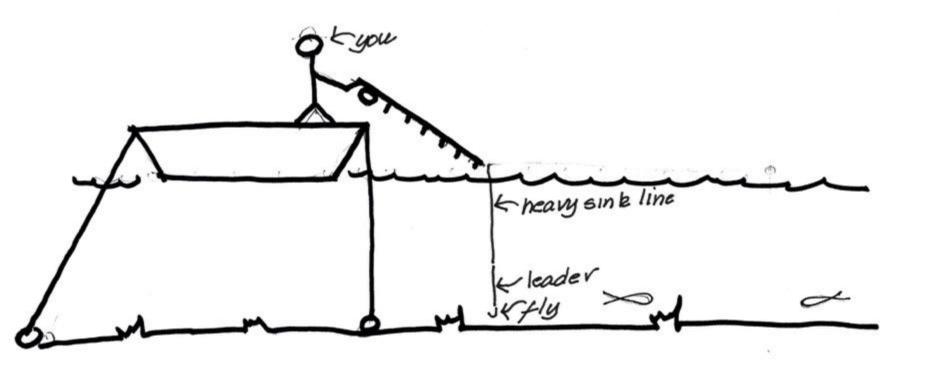
INDICATOR



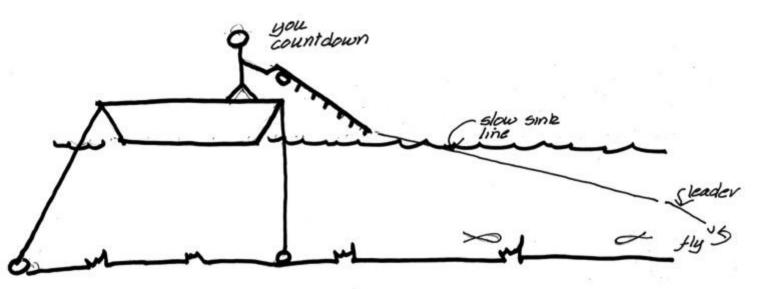
LONG LINE OR NAKED

Wind Drifting



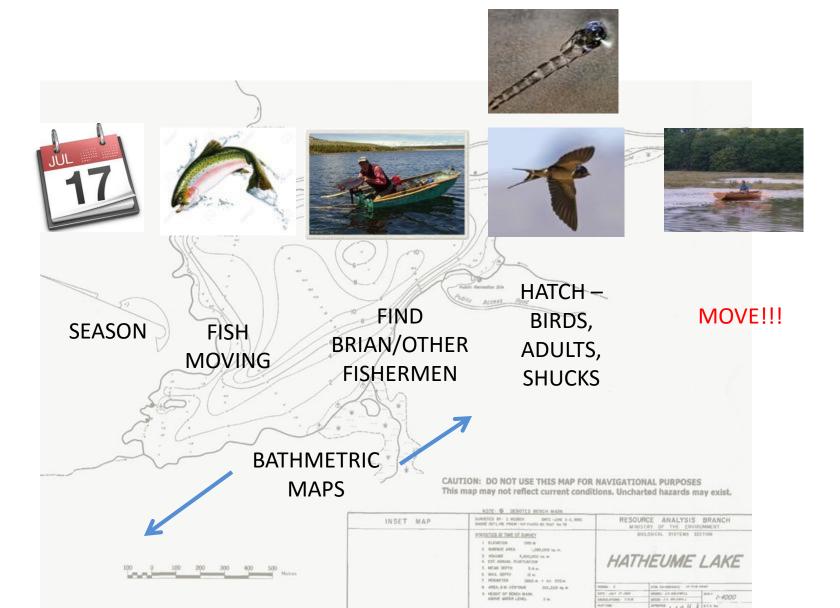


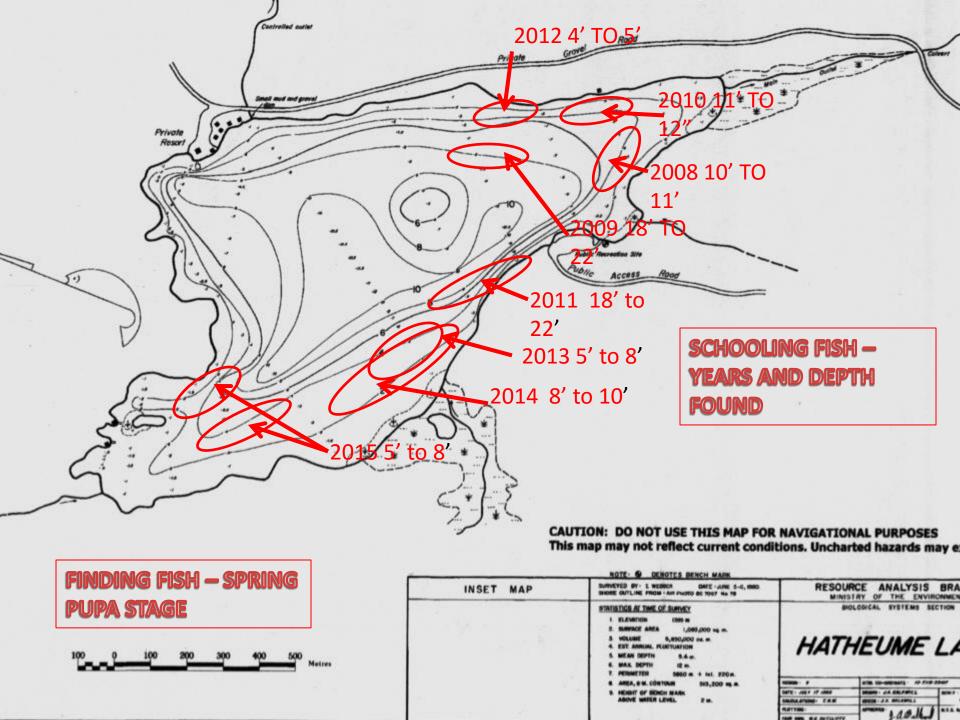
DANGLING

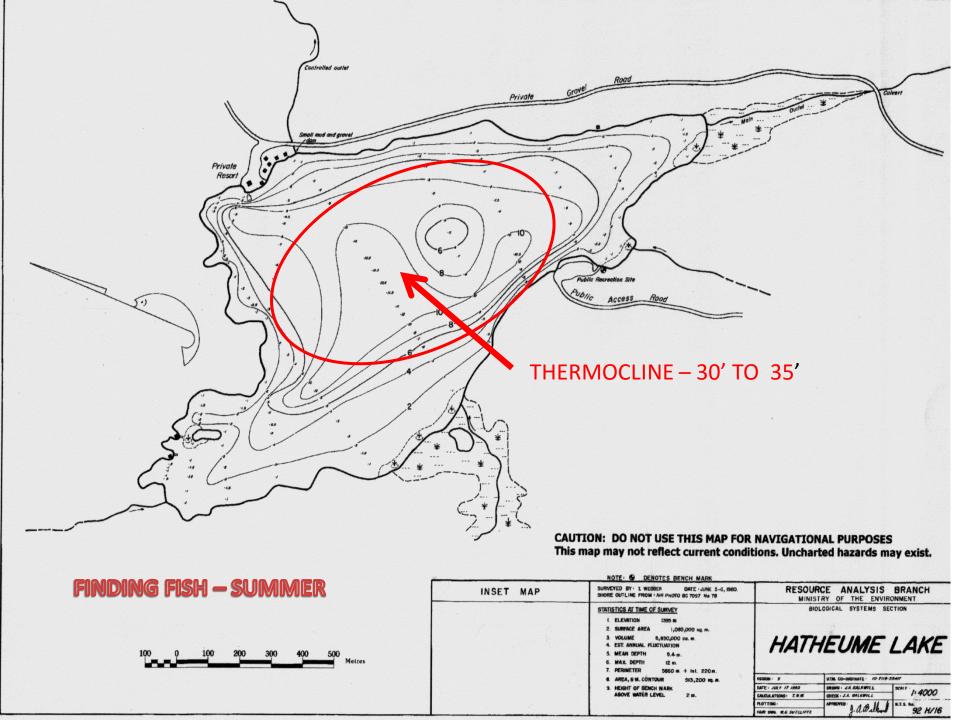


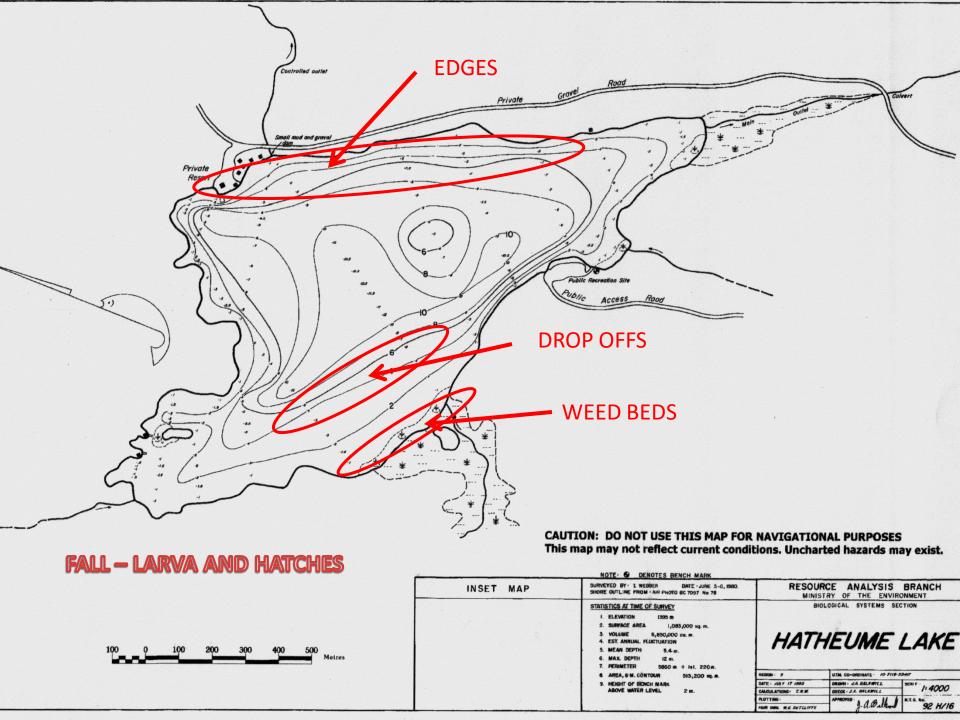
SLOW SINK OR HOVER

FINDING FISH









Equipment

- Fly rod -4,5,or 6wt. Stiff butt flexible tip (Switch Rod RIO short shooting head)
- Reel Wide arbor
- Line Appropriate to method. Rio or SA Indicator Line, Midge Tip, Hover, Type 4,5 or 6 full sink, WF Floating, Neutral Density, at least 50yds of backing.
- Throat Pump.
- Specialty leaders for indicator and naked methods.
- Sounder.
- Rod Holder.
- Break Away Indicator.
- Bobber Stopper.
- Fluorocarbon Tippet 3, 4 and 5x. 3 and 4x, 12 foot mono leaders.
- Lead weight or forceps

Use an indicator you can see

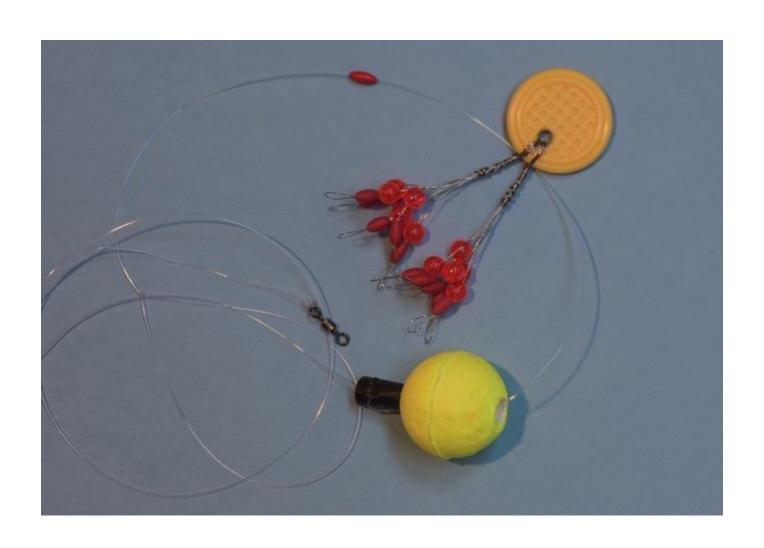


Sounder





Indicators and Bobber Stoppers



Poor Man's Depth Sounder



Throat Pump



Specialty Leaders

Long Line/Naked Leader

Standard 9 foot tapered leader cut back 2 ½ feet
Add 10-15 feet of 8 pound Maxima Ultragreen
Add swivel

Add 4x fluorocarbon as needed to achieve 125% of water depth

Indicator Leader

10 -15 feet of non stretch braid or 17 pound fluorocarbon with perfection loop, Thill Indicator or breakaway indicator,

#10 swivel, and 4x fluorocarbon tippet as needed

Fly Patterns



Fly Pattern Sizes and Colors

Chironomid pupa and adults tend to be larger as you move farther north and smaller as the season progresses towards fall.

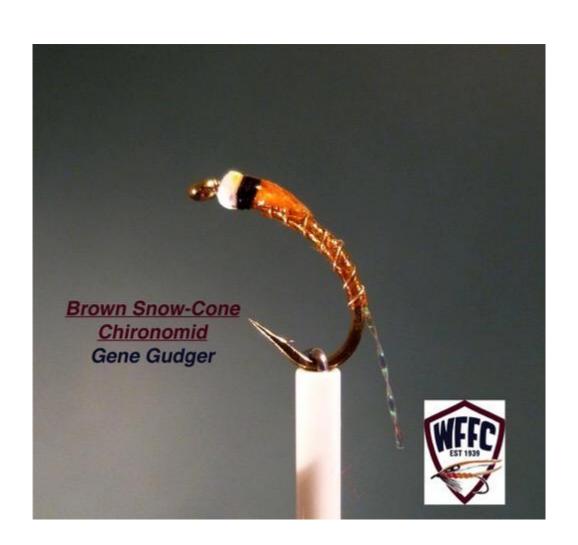
Chironomid pupa tend to fall into the following range of sizes WA, ID,MT and OR 10,12,14,16,18,20

Canada 8, 10,12,14,16,18

Chironomid adults are typically one size smaller than the pupa Chironomid colors range from black (most common) to silver, dull silver, red, olive, tan, copper or brown and chartreuse. Use your throat pump to sample the naturals the fish are eating so as to select the appropriate size and color.

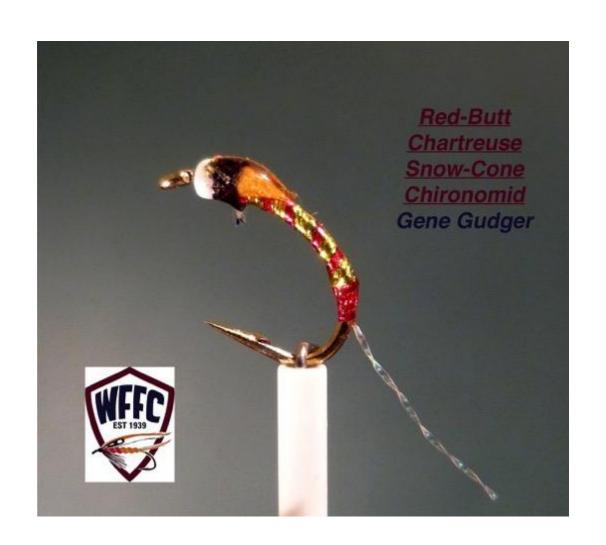














Brown and Copper



Duller Chromie



Antistatic Chromie



Chromie



Red and Black



Black Sno-cone



Black Buzzer



Olive and Copper



Bloodworm



Bloodworm Cluster



Lady Mc Connell



Rubber Legs Midge





Stuck in the Shuck



Hiviz Adult



Midge Emerger



Watercraft

1. Fish from shore

• Economical, good visibility, limited mobility and access, quiet

2. Step Ladder

• Better visibility, limited mobility and access, easy transport, quiet

3. Float Tube/U Boat

Cold, slow, fair visibility, fair mobility, sounder friendly, easy transport, quiet, \$

4. Pontoon Boat

 More comfortable, good visibility, some storage for rods and gear, good mobility, electric motor possible, sounder friendly, car topable, quiet, \$\$

5. **Pram**

 Warm and comfortable, room for rods and gear, excellent mobility, excellent visibility (standing), electric or outboard motor possible, sounder friendly, car top or trailer. double anchor, quiet, fish two rods, \$\$

6. Car Topper/Trailered Boat

Same as pram, noisy if aluminum (carpet the bilge), \$\$\$

7. Drift boat/Skiff

Same as pram, may not have double anchor, wind target, \$\$\$\$

Rod Holder







Trailer

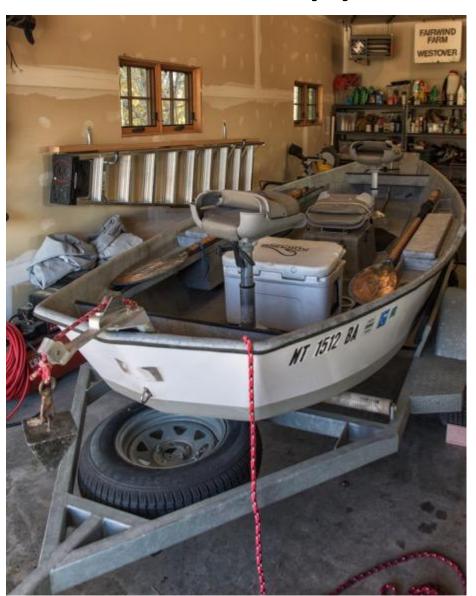




Skiff/Car Topper



Skiff/Car Topper



Bow Anchor

